

PRODUCTION AND DELIVERIES OF ENERGY PRODUCTS, NOVEMBER 2022

In November 2022, compared to the previous month, for the production of energy products, the largest increase was observed in electricity - by 31.1%, and the largest decrease was registered in unleaded motor gasoline - by 13.0%.

In November 2022, compared to the previous month, for the deliveries of energy products, the largest increase was observed in natural gas - by 56.3%, and the largest decrease was registered in liquefied petroleum gases - by 10.9%.

Production of energy products

In November 2022, compared to October 2022, an increase is reported for the production of:

- electricity by 31.1% to 4 195 GWh;
- solid fuels by 9.3% to 3 103 thousand tonnes.
- A decrease is reported for the production of:
- unleaded motor gasoline by 13.0% to 161 thousand tonnes;
- transport diesel by 6.4% to 309 thousand tonnes.

No change for the production of liquefied petroleum gases and natural gas (Annex, Table 1).

In November 2022, compared to the same month of the previous year, during which planned repairs of production installations were carried out, the production of liquefied petroleum gases, unleaded motor gasoline and transport diesel increased significantly.

A decrease is reported for the production of:

- natural gas by 50.0%;
- electricity by 5.0%;
- solid fuels by 4.2%.

Deliveries of energy products

In November 2022, compared to October 2022, an increase is reported for the deliveries of:

- natural gas by 56.3% to 222 million m³;
- electricity by 12.1% to 2 790 GWh;
- solid fuels by 10.6% to 3 094 thousand tonnes.
- A decrease is reported for the deliveries of:
- liquefied petroleum gases by 10.9% to 41 thousand tonnes;
- unleaded motor gasoline by 9.5% to 38 thousand tonnes;
- transport diesel by 6.0% to 205 thousand tonnes (Annex, Table 2).

In November 2022, compared to the same month of the previous year, an increase is reported for the deliveries of:

- transport diesel by 28.1%;
- liquefied petroleum gases by 2.5%.



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- A decrease is reported for the deliveries of:
- natural gas by 21.6%;
- unleaded motor gasoline by 19.1%;
- solid fuels by 6.3%;
- electricity by 3.7%.



Methodological notes

The survey on energy products is conducted every month in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1099/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2008 on energy statistics and its amendments. The survey aims to submit information on the production and inland deliveries of the main energy products - electricity, solid fuels, natural gas and petroleum products. The reporting units are producers, importers and exporters of energy products. Production and deliveries of energy products are the main observed indicators.

Data series can be found on the NSI website: www.nsi.bg, section Energy/Data.

Solid fuels

Production - includes Hard coal, Lignite and Solid fuels from coal. Producers report quantities calculated after any operation for the removal of inert matter.

Deliveries - quantities delivered to the internal market. They are equal to the total of the deliveries to the different types of consumers: producers' own use, main activity power stations, coking plants and patent fuel plants, industry, iron and steel industry and others.

Since 1.01.2017, Brown coal briquettes have been excluded from the monthly survey.

Petroleum products

Production - includes production of finished products at a refinery or blending plant.

Deliveries - wholesale deliveries to the domestic market of finished petroleum products from producers and importers/exporters.

Deliveries of petroleum products are defined as: primary product receipts + gross refinery output + recycled products - refinery fuel + imports - exports - international marine bunkers + interproduct transfers - products transferred - stock changes.

Natural gas

Production - includes all dry marketable production within national boundaries, including offshore production. Production is measured after purification and extraction of NGLs and sulfur. Excludes extraction losses and quantities reinjected, vented or flared. Includes quantities used within the natural gas industry; in gas extraction, pipeline systems and processing plants.

Deliveries - total natural gas, distributed for the internal market, including own use and losses.

Data are presented in million cubic meters assuming reference gas conditions 15°C and 101.325 kPa. To convert quantities from cubic meters at 20°C to cubic meters at 15°C - according to the reporting requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1099/2008 of the European Parliament and the Council on energy statistics, we use a conversion factor of 0.98294.

Electricity

Production - includes produced electricity from Thermal power plants, Nuclear power plants, Hydropower plants, Pumped storage plants and electricity, obtained from wind generators and solar panels.

Deliveries /Total net consumption - the sum of the net produced electricity and net import, reduced by the amount used for pumped storage.



Annex

Table 1

| т | . | | | - P | | | | |
|---|----------|-----|-------|------------|------|-----|------|------|
| P | ma | псп | on (| NT. | ene | rov | nroa | mers |
| - | 100 | ucu | UII . | UL. | CIIC | -57 | prod | ucus |

| | Measure | 2021 | | | 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | | Change in November 2022 (%) | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | | XI | XII | Ι | П | Ш | IV | V | VI | VII | VШ | IX | Х | XI | On a monthly basis | On an annual basis | | |
| Solid fuels | thousand tonnes | 3239 | 3240 | 3613 | 3298 | 3584 | 2587 | 2790 | 2377 | 2760 | 2456 | 2883 | 2840 | 3103 | 9.3 | -4.2 | | |
| Total petroleum products | thousand tonnes | 40 | 346 | 566 | 488 | 641 | 539 | 669 | 664 | 695 | 693 | 624 | 710 | 667 | -6.1 | - | | |
| of which: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liquefied petroleum gases | thousand tonnes | 0 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 0.0 | - | | |
| Unleaded motor gasoline | thousand tonnes | 4 | 51 | 146 | 123 | 162 | 138 | 160 | 157 | 162 | 161 | 100 | 185 | 161 | -13.0 | - | | |
| Transport diesel | thousand tonnes | 29 | 172 | 258 | 227 | 293 | 237 | 297 | 304 | 325 | 325 | 278 | 330 | 309 | -6.4 | - | | |
| Natural gas | million m ³ | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | -50.0 | | |
| Electricity | GWh | 4416 | 5013 | 5168 | 4486 | 5144 | 4119 | 3624 | 4031 | 4202 | 4125 | 3708 | 3200 | 4195 | 31.1 | -5.0 | | |

Table 2

Deliveries of energy products

| | Measure | 2021 | | 21 | 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | Change in November 2022 (%) | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | | XI | XII | I | П | Ш | IV | V | VI | VII | νш | IX | Х | XI | On a monthly basis | On an annual basis | |
| Solid fuels | thousand tonnes | 3303 | 3326 | 3671 | 3364 | 3648 | 2632 | 2836 | 2417 | 2761 | 2444 | 2863 | 2797 | 3094 | 10.6 | -6.3 | |
| Total petroleum products | thousand tonnes | 323 | 353 | 325 | 300 | 436 | 339 | 359 | 394 | 387 | 426 | 383 | 388 | 366 | -5.7 | 13.3 | |
| of which: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liquefied petroleum gases | thousand tonnes | 40 | 38 | 32 | 29 | 32 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 39 | 45 | 42 | 46 | 41 | -10.9 | 2.5 | |
| Unleaded motor gasoline | thousand tonnes | 47 | 26 | 41 | 34 | 53 | 31 | 44 | 58 | 36 | 46 | 52 | 42 | 38 | -9.5 | -19.1 | |
| Transport diesel | thousand tonnes | 160 | 209 | 180 | 177 | 261 | 192 | 200 | 211 | 209 | 242 | 200 | 218 | 205 | -6.0 | 28.1 | |
| Natural gas | million m ³ | 283 | 368 | 387 | 318 | 350 | 202 | 200 | 180 | 189 | 136 | 139 | 142 | 222 | 56.3 | -21.6 | |
| Electricity | GWh | 2898 | 3384 | 3570 | 3033 | 3402 | 2634 | 2457 | 2413 | 2614 | 2574 | 2336 | 2488 | 2790 | 12.1 | -3.7 | |

 $\overline{}^{1}$ '0' less than half of the unit employed.



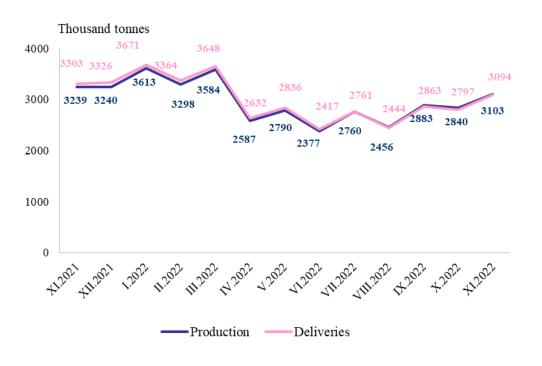


Figure 1. Production and deliveries of solid fuels

Figure 2. Production and deliveries of liquefied petroleum gases

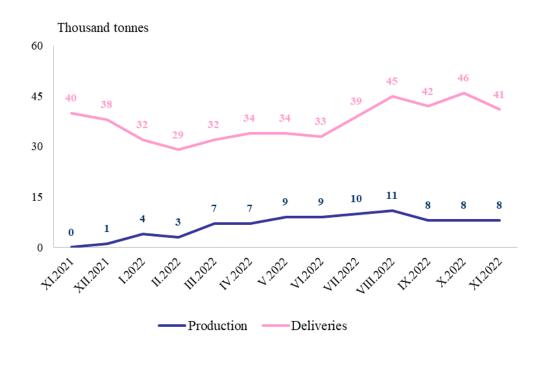
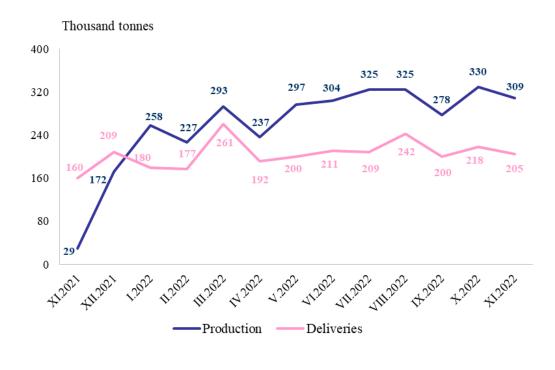






Figure 3. Production and deliveries of unleaded motor gasoline







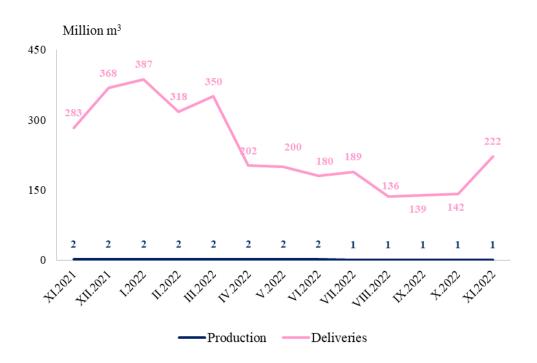


Figure 5. Production and deliveries of natural gas

Figure 6. Production and deliveries of electricity

