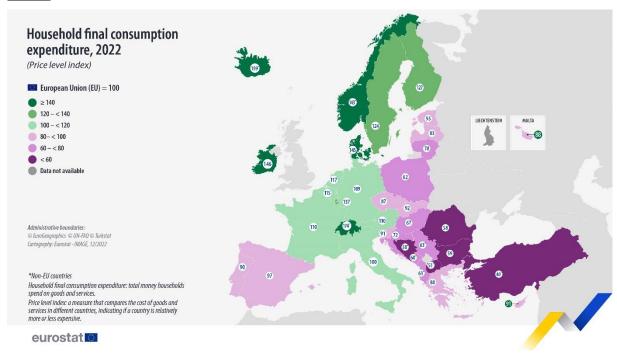
# Household consumption: price levels in 2022

In 2022, <u>price levels</u> for <u>household final consumption expenditure</u> differed widely across the <u>EU</u>.

The highest price levels were recorded in Ireland (146% of the EU average), Denmark (145%) and Luxembourg (137%). Meanwhile, the lowest levels were recorded in Romania (58%), Bulgaria (59%) and Poland (62%).

This information comes from <u>data on price level indices</u> published by Eurostat. The article presents a handful of findings from the more detailed <u>Statistics Explained</u> <u>article</u>.



## Widest price gap for alcohol & tobacco

In 2022, the price level for alcohol & tobacco was around 3.3 times higher in the most expensive country than in the least expensive one. The lowest price levels for alcohol & tobacco were recorded in Bulgaria (66% of the EU average), Poland (73%) and Hungary (78%). Meanwhile, the highest levels were recorded in Ireland (216%), Finland (174%) and Denmark (138%). This large price variation is mainly due to differences in taxation of these products.

Restaurants & hotels ranked second in terms of price level difference, with the lowest price levels registered in Bulgaria (51% of the EU average), Romania (61%) and

Hungary (62%) and the highest in Denmark (156%), Finland (132%) and Luxembourg (131%).

Clothing was cheapest in Bulgaria (80% of the EU average), Hungary (83%) and Romania (84%), while it was most expensive in Denmark (134%), Sweden (117%) and Czechia (115%).

Disparities were also recorded for food & non-alcoholic beverages (varying from 72% of the EU average in Romania to 121% in Denmark), personal transport equipment (varying from 87% in Poland to 132% in Denmark) and consumer electronics (varying from 92% in Italy to 115% in France).

#### For more information:

- Source dataset: <u>prc\_ppp\_ind</u>
- Statistics Explained article on comparative price levels of consumer goods and services
- Statistics Explained article on comparative price levels for food, beverages and tobacco
- Statistics Explained article on comparative price levels for investment
- Thematic section on purchasing power parities
- Database on purchasing power parities
- Metadata on purchasing power parities

## Methodological notes:

Data presented in this news article are based on the results of a price survey
covering more than 2 000 consumer goods and services across Europe. The
overall price levels included in this news article relate to the concept of household
final consumption expenditure (<u>HFCE</u>). This news article covers selected
subcategories of total HFCE.

## For questions:

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