



## PRODUCTION AND DELIVERIES OF ENERGY PRODUCTS, JULY 2013<sup>1,2</sup> (PRELIMINARY DATA)

#### **Production of energy products**

In July 2013 compared to June 2013 an increase is reported for the production of:

- solid fuels by 2.6% to 1 926 thousand tonnes;
- liquefied petroleum gases by 12.5% to 9 thousand tonnes;
- unleaded motor gasoline by 3.8% to 165 thousand tonnes;
- transport diesel by 9.1% to 203 thousand tonnes;
- electricity by 19.0% to 3 280 GWh.

No change is reported for the production of natural gas (Annex, Table 1).

In July 2013 compared to July 2012 an increase is reported for the production of:

- unleaded motor gasoline by 13.0%;
- transport diesel by 15.3%.

A decrease is reported for the production of:

- solid fuels by 35.0%;
- liquefied petroleum gases by 10.0%;
- electricity by 18.7%.

#### **Deliveries of energy products**

In July 2013 compared to June 2013 an increase is reported for the deliveries of:

- solid fuels by 5.4% to 2 084 thousand tonnes;
- liquefied petroleum gases by 22.6% to 38 thousand tonnes;
- transport diesel by 15.0% to 153 thousand tones;
- electricity by 6.6% to 2 513 GWh.

A decrease is reported for the deliveries of:

- unleaded motor gasoline by 33.3% to 18 thousand tonnes;
- natural gas by 15.7% to 150 million standard cubic metres (Annex, Table 2).

The survey on energy products is conducted every month in accordance with the Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on energy statistics. The survey aims to submit information on the production and inland deliveries of the main energy products – electricity, solid fuels, natural gas and petroleum products. The reporting units are producers, importers and exporters of energy products. Production and deliveries of the energy products are the main observed indicators.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data series can be found on: <a href="www.nsi.bg">www.nsi.bg</a>, section Energy/Table data and Graphs/ Latest data.





In July 2013 compared to July 2012 an increase is reported for the deliveries of:

- liquefied petroleum gases by 15.2%;
- transport diesel by 18.6%.

A decrease is reported for the deliveries of:

- solid fuels by 33.7%;
- unleaded motor gasoline by 63.3%;
- natural gas by 0.7%;
- electricity by 6.3%.





### **Methodological notes**

#### Solid fuels

*Production* – Include Hard coal, Lignite and Solid fuels from coal. Producers report quantities, calculated after any operation for removal of inert matter.

*Deliveries* – quantities delivered to the internal market. Equal to the total of the deliveries to the different types of consumers: producers' own use, main activity power stations, coking plants and patent fuel plants, industry, iron and steel industry and others.

#### **Petroleum products**

Production – include production of finished products at a refinery or blending plant.

Deliveries – the observed delivery of finished petroleum products from primary sources.

Deliveries of petroleum products are defined as: primary product receipts + gross refinery output + recycled products – refinery fuel + imports – exports – international marine bunkers + interproduct transfers – products transferred – stock changes.

#### Natural gas

Production – include all dry marketable production within national boundaries including offshore production. Production is measured after purification and extraction of NGLs and sulphur.

*Deliveries* – total natural gas, distributed for the internal market, including own use and losses. This is defined as: *Indigenous production* + *Imports* – *Exports* – *Stock change*.

Data are presented in million standard cubic metres – at international standard conditions 15° C and 760 mm Hg.

### **Electricity**

*Production* – include produced electricity from Thermal power plants, Nuclear power plant, Hydro power plants, Pumped storage plant and electricity, obtained from wind generators and solar panels.

Deliveries – sum of net produced electricity and net import.



Table 1

# **Production of energy products**<sup>1</sup>

Ot 1																
	Measure -	2012							2013							
		VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	I	П	III	IV	V	VI	VII		
Solid fuels	thousand tonnes	2965	2763	3135	3223	2646	3507	3226	2525	1223	1501	967	1878	1926		
Total petroleum products	thousand tonnes	559	628	574	610	556	567	506	483	386	577	595	584	622		
of which:														ĺ		
Liquefied petroleum gases	thousand tonnes	10	11	11	11	12	10	7	7	7	7	9	8	9		
Unleaded motor gasoline	thousand tonnes	146	160	144	161	147	158	140	133	102	157	160	159	165		
Transport diesel	thousand tonnes	176	208	201	224	196	197	160	156	139	195	194	186	203		
Natural gas	million m3				31	25	27	25	22	26	24	23	20	20		
Electricity	GWh	4033	3772	3606	3402	3851	4559	4565	3856	3729	3087	2611	2757	3280		

### Table 2

# **Deliveries of energy products**

	Measure	2012							2013							
		VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	I	П	III	IV	V	VI	VII		
Solid fuels	thousand tonnes	3143	2946	3319	3424	2821	3716	3413	2623	1320	1587	1062	1977	2084		
Total petroleum products	thousand tonnes	311	356	351	279	293	260	184	207	220	271	309	283	303		
of which:																
Liquefied petroleum gases	thousand tonnes	33	33	35	30	31	29	25	28	30	29	35	31	38		
Unleaded motor gasoline	thousand tonnes	49	58	50	42	26	42	21	40	41	22	49	27	18		
Transport diesel	thousand tonnes	129	168	173	131	166	153	98	91	108	149	144	133	153		
Natural gas	million m3	151	141	172	171	251	377	376	324	325	234	195	178	150		
Electricity	GWh	2683	2609	2376	2469	2875	3498	3610	3162	3241	2701	2306	2358	2513		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In the table are not included data that according to the Law on Statistics are confidential and in this way they are statistical secrecy.

<sup>&</sup>quot;.." - confidential data.





Figure 1. Production and deliveries of solid fuels

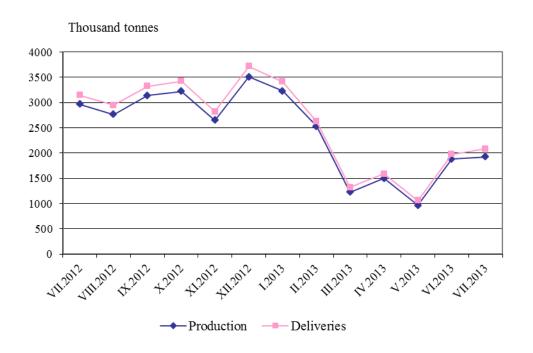


Figure 2. Production and deliveries of liquefied petroleum gases

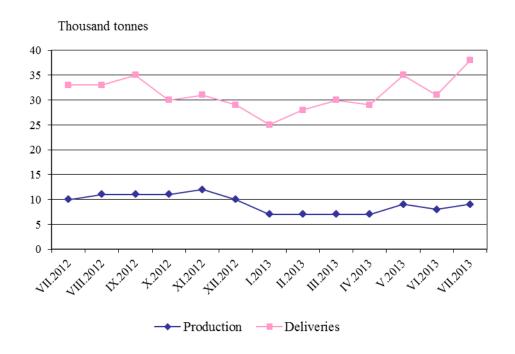






Figure 3. Production and deliveries of unleaded motor gasoline

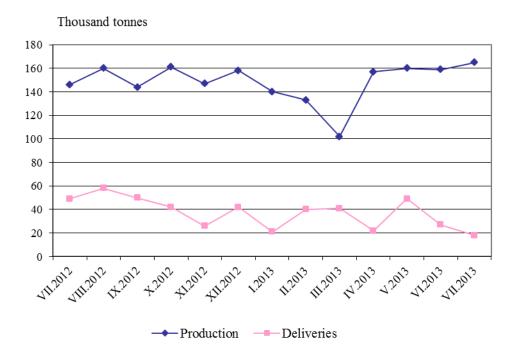


Figure 4. Production and deliveries of transport diesel

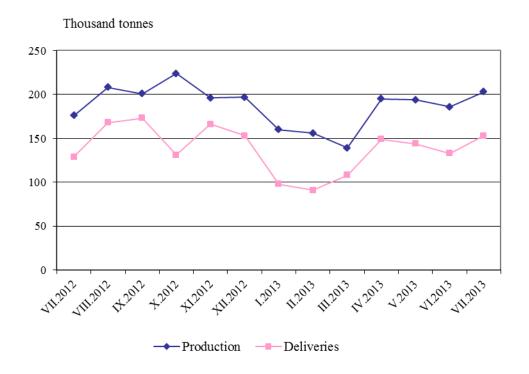






Figure 5. Production and deliveries of natural gas

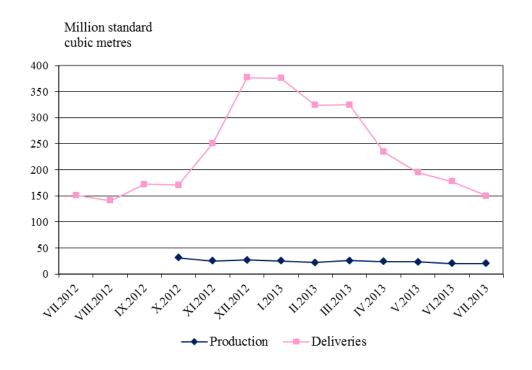


Figure 6. Production and deliveries of electricity

