

PRODUCTION AND DELIVERIES OF ENERGY PRODUCTS, JANUARY 2016^{1, 2}

Production of energy products

In January 2016 compared to December 2015 an increase is reported for the production of:

- liquefied petroleum gases by 12.5% to 9 thousand tonnes;
- unleaded motor gasoline by 11.5% to 174 thousand tonnes;
- transport diesel by 8.7% to 225 thousand tonnes;
- natural gas by 16.7% to 7 million m³;
- electricity by 4.9% to 4 697 GWh.

A decrease is reported for the production of:

• solid fuels - by 4.4% to 3 575 thousand tonnes (Annex, Table 1).

In January 2016 compared to January 2015 an increase is reported for the production of:

- unleaded motor gasoline by 10.1%;
- transport diesel by 30.1%.

A decrease is reported for the production of:

- solid fuels by 3.5%;
- natural gas by 30.0%;
- electricity by 5.3%.

No change for the production of liquefied petroleum gases.

Deliveries of energy products

In January 2016 compared to December 2015 an increase is reported for the deliveries of:

- natural gas by 11.8% to 407 million m³;
- electricity by 17.0% to 3 732 GWh.

A decrease is reported for the deliveries of:

- solid fuels by 4.6% to 3 680 thousand tonnes;
- unleaded motor gasoline by 40.0% to 30 thousand tonnes;
- transport diesel by 43.0% to 110 thousand tonnes.

No change for the production of liquefied petroleum gases (Annex, Table 2).

¹ The survey on energy products is conducted every month in accordance with the Regulation (EO) \mathbb{N} 1099/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 November 2008 on energy statistics, amended by the Commission Regulation (EU) No 147/2013 of 13 February 2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the implementation of updates for the monthly and annual energy statistics. The survey aims to submit information on the production and inland deliveries of the main energy products - electricity, solid fuels, natural gas and petroleum products. The reporting units are producers, importers and exporters of energy products. Production and deliveries of the energy products are the main observed indicators.

² Data series can be found on the NSI website: <u>www.nsi.bg</u>, section Energy/Data.





In January 2016 compared to January 2015 an increase is reported for the deliveries of:

- liquefied petroleum gases by 22.6%;
- unleaded motor gasoline by 50.0%;
- transport diesel by 37.5%;
- natural gas by 13.7%;
- electricity by 5.0%.

A decrease is reported for the deliveries of:

• solid fuels - by 4.4%.

1



Methodological notes

Solid fuels

Production - includes Hard coal, Lignite and Solid fuels from coal. Producers report quantities calculated after any operation for removal of inert matter.

Deliveries - quantities delivered to the internal market. They are equal to the total of the deliveries to the different types of consumers: producers' own use, main activity power stations, coking plants and patent fuel plants, industry, iron and steel industry and others.

Petroleum products

Production - includes production of finished products at a refinery or blending plant.

Deliveries - wholesale deliveries to the domestic market of finished petroleum products from producers, importers/exporters.

Deliveries of petroleum products are defined as: primary product receipts + gross refinery output + recycled products - refinery fuel + imports - exports - international marine bunkers + interproduct transfers - products transferred - stock changes.

Natural gas

Production - includes all dry marketable production within national boundaries including offshore production. Production is measured after purification and extraction of NGLs and sulphur.

Deliveries - total natural gas, distributed for the internal market, including own use and losses. This is defined as: *Indigenous production* + *Imports* – *Exports* – *Stock change*.

Data are presented in million cubic metres assuming reference gas conditions 15° C and 101.325 kPa.

Electricity

Production - includes produced electricity from Thermal power plants, Nuclear power plant, Hydro power plants, Pumped storage plant and electricity, obtained from wind generators and solar panels. *Deliveries* - sum of net produced electricity and net import.



REPUBLIC OF BULGARIA NATIONAL STATISTICAL INSTITUTE

Table 1

Production of energy products														
	Measure	2015												2016
		Ι	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Ι
Solid fuels	thousand tonnes	3703	3146	2453	2879	2329	2170	3001	3351	3609	3225	3262	3739	3575
Total petroleum products	thousand tonnes	549	288	576	585	616	603	628	599	584	569	595	558	573
of which:														
Liquefied petroleum gases	thousand tonnes	9	7	9	8	9	9	10	9	7	8	8	8	9
Unleaded motor gasoline	thousand tonnes	158	73	166	160	155	154	158	159	145	157	151	156	174
Transport diesel	thousand tonnes	173	97	181	188	192	180	196	198	188	195	221	207	225
Natural gas	million m ³	10	8	9	8	7	6	6	5	6	5	6	6	7
Electricity	GWh	4961	4268	4417	3857	3299	3768	4233	4106	3564	3588	3879	4476	4697

ъ duct

Annex

Table 2

Deliveries of energy products

Denveries of energy produces														
	Measure	2015												2016
		Ι	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	I
Solid fuels	thousand tonnes	3851	3325	2568	2972	2405	2246	3079	3440	3697	3290	3331	3857	3680
Total petroleum products	thousand tonnes	177	264	299	281	298	326	365	367	305	330	341	341	227
of which:														
Liquefied petroleum gases	thousand tonnes	31	31	39	34	36	33	35	49	40	36	30	38	38
Unleaded motor gasoline	thousand tonnes	20	41	50	29	47	47	43	39	36	50	42	50	30
Transport diesel	thousand tonnes	80	151	158	157	146	156	191	186	161	156	200	193	110
Natural gas	million m ³	358	318	298	245	210	198	192	195	172	235	300	364	407
Electricity	GWh	3555	3115	3194	2620	2352	2328	2616	2545	2442	2708	2821	3191	3732



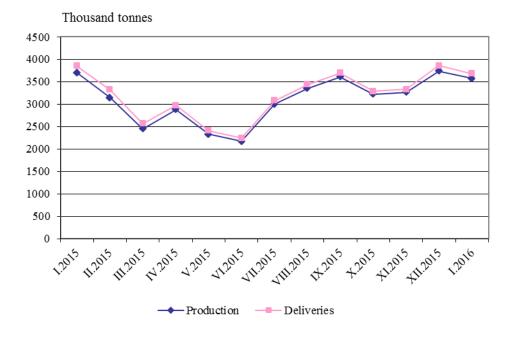


Figure 1. Production and deliveries of solid fuels

Figure 2. Production and deliveries of liquefied petroleum gases





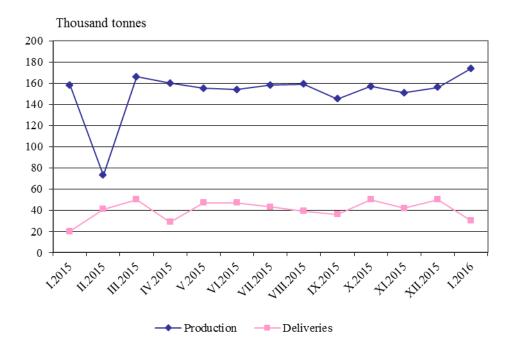
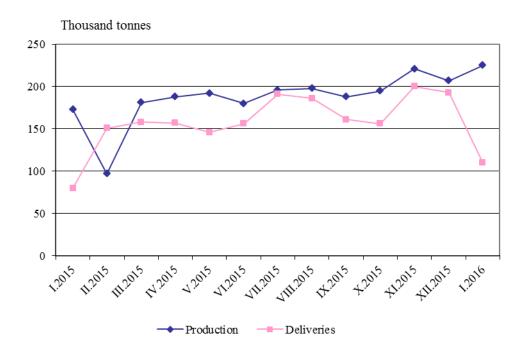
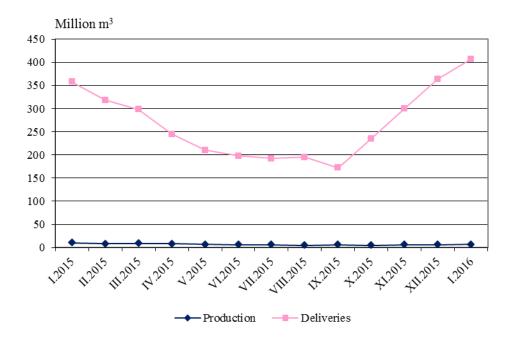




Figure 4. Production and deliveries of transport diesel







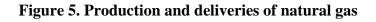


Figure 6. Production and deliveries of electricity

